CONTACT, PERMIT, AND SYSTEM CHARACTERIZATION INFORMATION

CONTACT INFORMATION					
FACILITY NAME	FACILITY ADDRESS	NPDES PERMIT NO.			
CONTACT NAME	CONTACT TITLE	DATE OF ISSUANCE			
PHONE NUMBER	FAX NUMBER				
PERMIT INFORMATION		\/ T 0			
What facilities does the permit cover?		YES	NO	N/A	Source*
WWTP and CSOs					
CSO outfalls only					
·					
How are Nine Minimum Controls address	sed in the permit?				1
NMCs are listed generically					
facility-specific measures represe					
EPA guidance is incorporated by					
permit requires NMC plan be appropermit does not include NMCs	oved by the permitting authority				
permit does not include Nivios					
If submission of a NMC plan is required	by the permit, has the plan been approved?				
Does the permit authorize wet weather bypasses?					MOD
What is the maximum permitted flow rate	e for the treatment plant?				MGD
Is the facility under any adminstrative or	judicial order to implement NMCs?				
SYSTEM CHARACTERIZATION					
Are partically treated effluents combined	with fully treated flows prior to discharge?				
Number of permitted CSO outfalls:	with fully treated flows prior to discharge?				
·					=
Length of pipeline in the collection system					miles
percentage of this length that is so					_ %
Number of pump stations in the system:	ombined storm water and sanitary sewer				_ %
Number of constructed overflows prior to	the WWTP				-
	ines known or believed to be hydraulically				-
overoaded or undersized?	,				
Are there locations known to experience	basement flooding or other similar problems?				
What information is available on maps ke					
•	ewers with pipe size and direction of flow				
laterals					
pump stations					
diverstion chambers designed CSO locations					
flow meters					
rain gauge stations					
control structures (regulators, dive	ersion structures, weirs, valves)				
water quality monitoring sites	·				

non-designed CSO locations

locations of telemetering devices

receiving streams

distinction between combined and separate areas

^{*(}P) Permit; (A) Application for permit; (L) LTCP; (R) Reports submitted; (I) Interview with staff; (D) Direct observation; (O) Other

	YES	NO	N/A	Source*
CSO treatment facilities				
environmentally sensitive areas				
treatment plant location				
How many municipalities discharge to the collection system?				
How many with separate sewer systems?				
How many with combined sewer systems?				
What treatment capacity is available at the WWTP?				
design primary treatment capacity				MGD
design secondary treatment capacity				MGD
peak flow primary treatment capacity peak flow secondary treatment capacity				MGD MGD
peak now secondary treatment capacity				IVIOD
Which parts of the collection system are owned by the permittee?			ı	
all pump stations				
diversion chambers				
sewer pipes (other than private laterals)				
CSO outfalls				
Which parts of the collection system are operated by the permittee?				
all				
pump stations				
diversion chambers				
sewer pipes (other than private laterals) CSO outfalls				
ooo outians				
Does the permittee have legal agreements with other parties that require those parties				
to perform tasks required by the NPDES permit?				
IMPLEMENTATION OF NINE MINIMUM CONTROLS				
I. PROPER OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE				
I. THOI EN OF ENATION AND MAINTENANGE				
A. General			T	
Does the permittee have an O & M plan?				
If so, is that plan approved by the permitting authority? Does the permittee have a copy of the documentation required under the O&M plan?				
Does the permittee have a process for periodically revising the O&M plan?				
Does the O&M plan specify that some activities are performed by a separate legal entity?				
If so, does the permittee have documentation that those activites are being performed?				
B. Inspections				
Does the permittee inspect CSOs? If so, does the permittee inspect:				
CSO outfalls?				
diversion chambers?				
anti-intrusion devices?				
How frequently are CSOs inspected? (e.g. daily, weekly, monthly) How frequently are pump stations inspected?				
Does the permittee have documentation of CSO inspections?				
Does the permittee have documentation of the pump station inspections?				

Compliance Assessment Checklist

	YES	NO	N/A	Source*
Does the permittee have records of collapsed and/or blocked sewers?				
Does the permittee conduct CCTV inspections of the collection system?				
If so, how many miles of sewer lines are inspected with CCTV annually?				miles
How many equivalent full time staff are dedicated to inspections?	-			
If not, how are collection system equipment malfunctions or other deficiencies identified?				
Will the CCTV inspections eventually reach all major (i.e. non-lateral) lines in the system?				
C. Cleaning and Maintenance				
Does the permittee have a schedule for cleaning the sewer lines?				
For cleaning catch basins?				
How are cleaning frequencies for the sewer lines determined?				
Does the permittee have procedures for reducing solids deposition in the system? Does the permittee document sewer cleaning that has been performed?				
If so, does the documentation in any way differ from the permittee's schedule for cleaning?				
Does the permittee exercise regulators according to a schedule?				
Are any regulators not functioning (e.g. rusted in place)?				
What is the procedure for documenting and correcting collection system deficiencies?				
Trinat to the procedure for decamenting and correcting concentent system denotes to				
How many complaints (re: basement backups, other discharges)) are received annually?				
How are complaints addressed?				
Is a computerized maintenance program used to track work orders? If so, is it used for: the WWTP?				
the pump stations?				
the collection system, apart from the pump stations?				

	YES	NO	N/A	Source*
Does the permittee have the following records?				
cleaning logs				
citizen complaints				
work orders				
video tape of CCTV inspections				
maps of problem areas				
emergency response plan				
training manuals				
Does the permittee have a grease control program?				
Does the permittee have a root control program?				
Do the maintenance records indicate recurring problems which the program does not				
seem to be effective in reducing?				
If so, describe:				
How many full time equivalent staff are dedicated to sewer cleaning and maintenance?	-			
What are are mosts for account stations and CCO most letters are legat in the WANTE incomban 2				
What spare parts for pump stations and CSO regulators are kept in the WWTP inventory?				
D. Operation of the Collection System				
How many pump stations have a backup power supply? How many of these have:	-			
dual feed?	-			
on-site generator?	-			
off-site portable generator?	-			
How many pump stations have backup pumping capacity if the largest pump goes down?	-			
How many times has a pump failure (or inadequate pumping capacity) resulted in a CSO?				
How many pump stations have permanent flow meters?	-			
How many pump stations are monitored remotely?				
What is the annual operating budget for the collection system?	\$			
How many miles are operated within this budget?	Ψ.			miles
	-			1111163
What type of training does the permittee provide to collection system personnel?				
Does the permittee have procedures for regulating diversion and bypass valves?				

YES NO N/A Source*

If so, describe:	
How many employees currently hold State certification as collection system operators? What flow rate can the WWTP receive before additional flow adversely affects	
At what WWTP flow rate will the CSOs begin to discharge? At what precipitation level (e.g. 0.5 inches in 12 hours) will CSOs begin to discharge?	MGD
II. MAXIMUM USE OF THE COLLECTION SYSTEM FOR STORAGE Has the permittee used a computer model to evaluate storage available in the system?	
If not, what evaluation has the permittee conducted to determine how storage can be ma	AIIIIZOU:
Does the permittee do a pre-storm drawdown of the WWTP wet well and interceptors to add additional wet weather capacity? Which, if any, of the following does the permittee use for storage of untreated sewage? abandoned pipelines catch basin storage tanks earthen basins first flush tanks in-receiving water flow balance in-sewer storage (e.g. raising weirs, regulator adjustment) lagoons open concrete retention tanks closed concrete retention tanks storage tunnels and conduits	
Which, if any, of the following does the permittee use to reduce stormwater inflow: area drain, foundation drains, and roof leader disconnection basement sump pump redirection flow restrictions and catch basin inlet modification grassed swales and infiltration trenches infiltration basins on-street surface storage porous pavements stormwater detention basins stormater infiltration sumps	
If weirs have been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage, at which CSO locations have they been raised to maximize storage.	aised?

YES NO N/A Source*

What other practices has the permittee implemented to maximize storage?	
Does the permittee require, through service agreements, that contributing separate	
sanitary sewer systems implement programs to reduce inflow and infiltration? Does the permittee have any other program for reducing I/I in portion of the system	
owned and/or operated by other entities?	
III. REVIEW AND MODIFICATION OF PRETREATMENT REQUIREMENTS	
Does the permittee have a pretreatment program?	
What percentage of flow to the POTW is non-domestic?	%
Has the permittee identified industrial users whose discharge could reach CSOs? If so, does the permittee have documentation of this evaluation?	
Has the permittee modified its pretreatment program to reduce IU discharge to CSOs?	
If so, do the modifications prohibit batch discharges during wet weather?	
require detention of industrial discharge during wet weather?	
other:	
If the permittee has not modified the pretreatment program, is it because permittee has: not performed any evaluation of how program could be modified	
determined that IU discharge doesn't impact CSOs	
determined that necessary requirements would be too costly for IUs	
determined that necessary modifications would be technologically infeasible Does the permittee have a process for periodic review of the pretreatment program?	
2000 the permitted have a process for periodic review of the production program.	
IV. MAXIMIZATION OF FLOW TO THE WWTP	
Is the maximum wet-weather WWTP capacity reached during wet weather events? If a bypass is used, oes the permittee monitor bypass flow rates?	
Is there any evidence that flows are discharged through CSOs and/or bypasses	
when the WWTP flow rate is below maximum capacity?	
Are other treatment units available for use during a storm event?	
Has the permittee determined the hydraulic capacity of each pump station?	
Has the permittee determined the hydraulic capacity of each influent sewer? Is pump station capacity smaller than interceptor capacity in any portions of the system?	
is pump station capacity smaller than interceptor capacity in any portions of the system?	
What other bottlenecks, if any, has the permittee identified in the collection system?	

Compliance Assessment Checklist

	YES	NO	N/A	Source*
Has the permitte upgraded any pump stations to increase capacity?				
Has the permittee identified any process limitations at the WWTP? If so, what are they?				
Has the permittee evaluated methods of providing partial treatment to a portion of the wet weather flow?				
IV. ELIMINATION OF DRY WEATHER OVERFLOWS				
How does the permittee become aware of dry weather overflows?				
What are the most common causes of dry weather overflows?				
What steps has the permittee taken to prevent dry weather overflows at problem locations?)			
what steps has the permittee taken to prevent dry weather overnows at problem locations:				
Do CSO warning signs provide a phone number for reporting dry weather CSOs? Does the permittee document dry weather overflows? Does the documentation include: date and time of overflow volume of overflow CSO identifiation number cause of overflow corrective action taken Does the permittee's documentation match reports to the the permitting authority? Did the inspector observe dry weather overflows during the inspection? If so, at which CSO locations?				

YES NO N/A Source*

V. CONTROL OF SOLID AND FLOATABLE MATERIALS Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to control solids/floatables: baffles containment booms/barrier curtains continuous deflective separation systems floating netting units in-line netting skimmer vessels screens/trash racks If end-of-pipe controls are used, at which outfalls are they operated? How often are they cleaned or (for nets) replaced? How often does the permittee inspect these control structures?	
Does the permittee have documentation that these structures are regularly maintained?	
How does the permittee measure the effectiveness of its solids/floatables control method?	
How many complaints does the permittee receive annually about debris in the stream?	
How are such complaints recorded and investigated?	
VI DOLLLITION DDEVENTION	
VI. POLLUTION PREVENTION Which, if any of the following methods does the permittee use to prevent pollution from	
entering the sewers?	
animal waste removal	
catch basin cleaning	
enforcement of litter laws	
fertilizer and pesticide management public education programs	
solid waste reduction and recycling	
storm drain stenciling	
street sweeping/cleaning	
water conservation	
houshold hazardouse waste collection	
autumn leaf collection program	
How does the permittee document that these methods were implemented?	

YES NO N/A Source* VIII. PUBLIC NOTIFICATION Does the permittee have a written public notification plan? Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to notify the public of CSOs? signs as CSO outfalls signs at recreational areas Internet site flag raising newspaper radio television direct mail notification reverse 911 If signs are posted, what does the notice on each sign read? How does the permittee document that these methods were implemented? Is public access to CSO-impacted waters restricted? IX. MONITORING TO CHARACTERIZE CSO IMPACTS ON RECEIVING STREAMS Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to monitor the frequency and duration of CSO discharges? installed sensors and telemetry visual survey during scheduled inspections visual survey during wet weather citizen complaints Which, if any, of the following methods does the permittee use to measure the impacts of CSOs on receiving streams? visual survey of receiving stream when CSOs are active. biosurveys water quality sampling: BOD/CBOD total suspended solids dissolved oxygen fecal coliform E. coli enterrococci Which of the following parameters does the permittee record for wet weather CSOs? time that CSO discharge commences time that CSO discharge is discovered time that CSO discharge ceases estimated volume of CSO discharge

measured volume of CSO discharge

Compliance Assessment Checklist

	YES	NO	N/A	Source*
pollutants in CSO discharge Are these parameters recorded for all CSO locations? If not, for how many CSO outfalls are these parameters recorded? What volume of combined sewage is discharged through CSOs annually? (if known) What volume of combined sewage is treated at the WWTP annually? (if known)	-			
Effectiveness of Structural Controls Has the permittee conducted any pilot tests of structural controls? Has the permittee documented pollutant removal efficiencies? Has the permittee documented a reduction in CSO volume?				
ATTACHMENTS List of pump stations? List of CSOs? NMC language from permit or plan? Schematic or other diagram of sewer system? Documentation of NMCs? Judicial or adminstrative order?				